

# **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

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CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
PHYSICS			9702/34
Paper 3 Advan	ced Practical Skills 2	Oc	tober/November 2017
			2 hours
Candidates ans	swer on the Question Paper.		
Additional Mate	erials: As listed in the Confidential Instructions.		

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

### Answer both questions.

You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of one hour for each question.

You are expected to record all your observations as soon as these observations are made, and to plan the presentation of the records so that it is not necessary to make a fair copy of them.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

Additional answer paper and graph paper should be used only if it becomes necessary to do so.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
Total	

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[Turn over

# You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 1 In this experiment, you will investigate the motion of a pendulum.
  - (a) Assemble the apparatus as shown in Fig. 1.1 with the total mass *m* of the mass hanger and mass equal to 150 g.

The distance between the bottom of the split cork and the bottom of the mass hanger should be 64 cm. It may be necessary for the mass to hang over the edge of the bench.

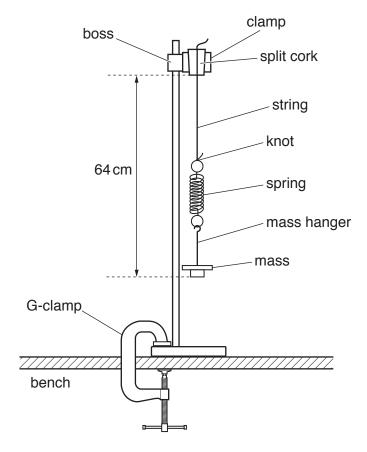


Fig. 1.1

(b) (i) Move the mass a short distance to one side and then carefully release it so that it swings with as little bouncing as possible, as shown in Fig. 1.2.

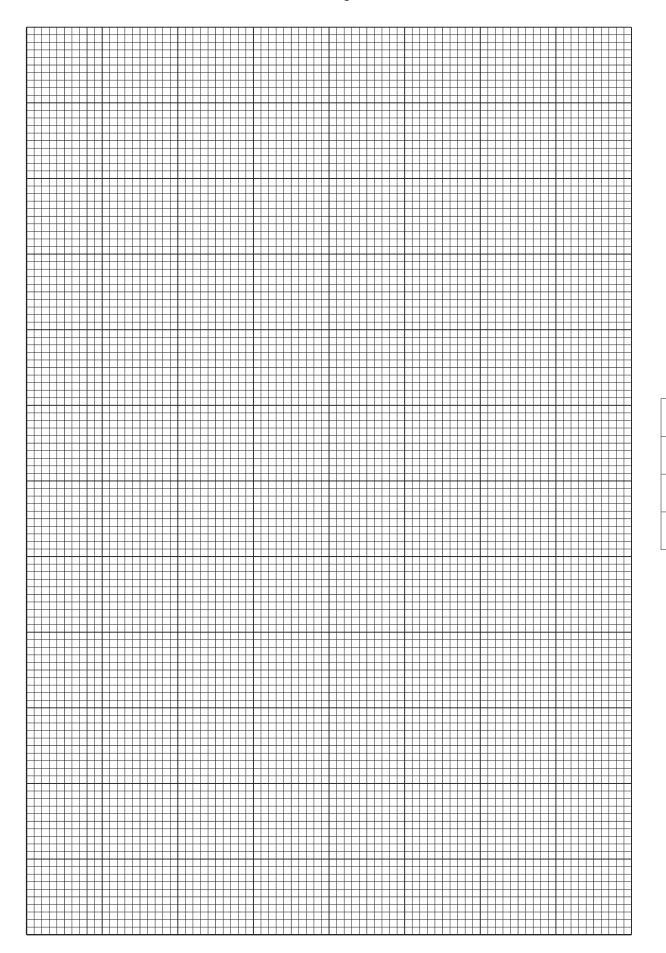


Fig. 1.2

(ii) Take measurements to determine the period T of the pendulum.

<i>T</i> =[2]	

(c)	Cha the	ange <i>m</i> and repeat <b>(b)</b> until you have six sets of values of <i>m</i> and <i>T</i> . <b>Do not</b> a string in the split cork.	adjust	
	Red	cord your results in a table. Include values of $T^2$ in your table.		
			[10]	
(d)	(i)	Plot a graph of $T^2$ on the <i>y</i> -axis against <i>m</i> on the <i>x</i> -axis.	[3]	
	(ii)	Draw the straight line of best fit.	[1]	
(	(iii)	Determine the gradient and <i>y</i> -intercept of this line.		
`	. ,			
		gradient =		
		<i>y</i> -intercept =		
			[2]	



(e)	It is suggested that the	quantities T	and <i>m</i> are	related by the	equation
(5)	it is suggested that the	quantities i	and mate	I GIALGU DY LIIC	<del>, c</del> qualion

$$T^2 = am + b$$

where *a* and *b* are constants.

Use your answers from **(d)(iii)** to determine the values of a and b. Give appropriate units.

a =	
<i>b</i> =[2]	

[Total: 20]

# You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 2 In this experiment, you will investigate an optical system.
  - (a) (i) Use a small piece of Plasticine to fix the torch horizontally on one of the wooden blocks.
    - (ii) Put the remaining Plasticine inside the transparent container and push the lens into it so that the lens is held vertically and parallel to two opposite sides of the container.
  - **(b) (i)** Position the apparatus as shown in Fig. 2.1, with the front of the torch approximately 32 cm from the lens.

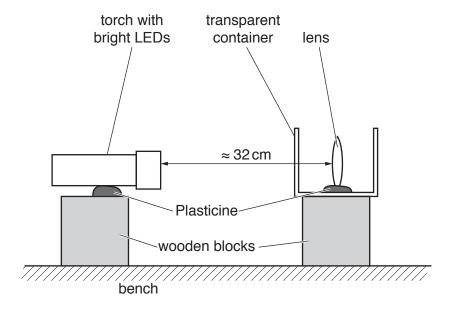


Fig. 2.1 (not to scale)

(ii) Switch on the torch.

(iii)	Measure the	distance	u from	the	front	of	the	torch	to	the	centre	of	the	lens,	as
	shown in Fig.	. 2.2.													

- (iv) Place the white screen as shown in Fig. 2.2. Keeping the screen vertical, move it until it shows a sharp image of the LEDs in the torch.
- (v) Measure the distance v from the centre of the lens to the screen, as shown in Fig. 2.2.



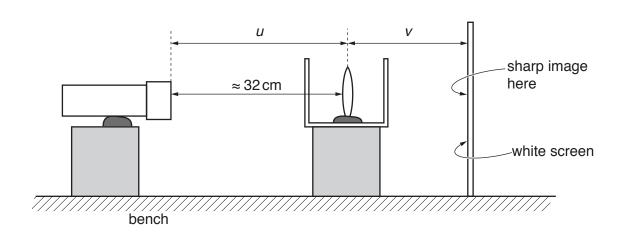


Fig. 2.2 (not to scale)

(c) Estimate the percentage uncertainty in your value of v.

(d) Calculate the value of f using the expression  $f = \frac{uv}{(u+v)}$ .

(e)	(i)	Without moving the container and the torch, pour water into the container to submerge the lens.	
	(ii)	Reposition the screen so that it shows a sharp image of the LEDs.	
	(iii)	Measure the new distance $v_{\rm w}$ from the lens to the screen.	
	(iv)	$v_{\rm w} =$	
		$f_{\rm W} = \dots$	
	(v)	Switch off the torch.	
(f)	Just	tify the number of significant figures you have given for your value of $f_{\rm w}$ .	
		[1]	
(g)	(i)	Pour the water from the container back into the beaker, making sure that the lens remains fixed in the container.	
	(ii)	Repeat <b>(b)</b> , <b>(d)</b> and <b>(e)</b> but with the front of the torch approximately 22 cm from the lens.	
		<i>u</i> =	
		v =	
		f =	
		v <sub>w</sub> =	
		$f_{\rm W} = \dots $ [3]	

(h)	It is	suggested that the relationship between $f_{\rm w}$ and $f$ is	
		$f_{w} = kf$	
	whe	ere k is a constant.	
	(i)	Using your data from <b>(d)</b> and <b>(e)(iv)</b> and your data from <b>(g)</b> , calculate two values of $k$ .	
		first value of k =	
		second value of $k = \dots$ [1]	_
	(ii)	Explain whether your results support the suggested relationship.	

(i)	Describe four sources of uncertainty or limitations of the procedure for this experiment.
	1
	2
	3
	4
	[4]
(ii)	
(ii)	Describe four improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.
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[Total: 20]

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